

# Liechtensteinisches Landesgesetzblatt

Jahrgang 2012

Nr. 55

ausgegeben am 2. März 2012

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## Verordnung

vom 28. Februar 2012

### betreffend die Abänderung der Verordnung über Massnahmen gegenüber Somalia

Aufgrund von Art. 2 des Gesetzes vom 10. Dezember 2008 über die Durchsetzung internationaler Sanktionen (ISG), LGBL 2009 Nr. 41, unter Einbezug der aufgrund des Zollvertrages anwendbaren schweizerischen Rechtsvorschriften und in Ausführung der Resolutionen 733 (1992) vom 23. Januar 1992, 1356 (2001) vom 19. Juni 2001, 1425 (2002) vom 22. Juli 2002, 1725 (2006) vom 6. Dezember 2006, 1744 (2007) vom 20. Februar 2007, 1772 (2007) vom 20. August 2007, 1844 (2008) vom 20. November 2008, 1846 (2008) vom 2. Dezember 2008, 1851 (2008) vom 16. Dezember 2008 und 1863 (2009) vom 16. Januar 2009 des Sicherheitsrates der Vereinten Nationen verordnet die Regierung:

#### I.

##### Abänderung bisherigen Rechts

Die Verordnung vom 12. Mai 2009 über Massnahmen gegenüber Somalia, LGBL 2009 Nr. 136, wird wie folgt abgeändert:

## Anhang Bst. A Ziff. 11

11.	<p>Jim'ale, Ali Ahmed Nur  aka: JIM'ALE, Ahmed Ali; aka: JIM'ALE, Ahmad Nur Ali; aka: JIM'ALE, Sheikh Ahmed; aka: JIM'ALE, Ahmad Ali; aka: JIM'ALE, Shaykh Ahmed Nur; DOB: 1954; POB: Eilbur, Somalia; Nationality: Somalia; Alt. nationality: Djibouti; Passport: A0181988 (Somalia), exp. 23 January 2011; Location: Djibouti, Republic of Djibouti; Ali Ahmed Nur Jim'ale (Jim'ale) has served in leadership roles with the former Somali Council of Islamic Courts, also known as the Somali Islamic Courts Union, which was a radical-Islamist element. The most radical elements of the Somali Islamic Courts Union eventually formed the group known as Al-Shabaab. Al-Shabaab was listed for targeted sanctions in April 2010 by the United Nations Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolutions 751 (1992) and 1907 (2009) concerning Somalia and Eritrea (the "Somalia/Eritrea Sanctions Committee"). The Committee listed Al-Shabaab for being an entity engaged in acts that directly or indirectly threaten the peace, security, or stability of Somalia, including but not limited to acts that pose a threat to Somali Transitional Federal Government. According to the 18 July 2011 report of the Somalia/Eritrea Sanctions Committee's Monitoring Group (S/2011/433), Jim'ale is identified as a prominent businessman and figure in the Al-Shabaab charcoal-sugar trading cycle and benefitting from privileged relationships with Al-Shabaab. Jim'ale is identified as one of Al-Shabaab's chief financiers and is ideologically aligned with Al-Shabaab. Jim'ale has provided key funding and political support for Hassan Dahir Aweys ("Aweys"), who was also listed by the Somalia/Eritrea Sanctions Committee. Former Al-Shabaab Deputy Emir Muktar Robow reportedly continued to engage in political posturing within the Al-Shabaab organization during the mid-2011. Robow engaged Aweys and Jim'ale in an effort to advance their shared objectives and consolidate their overall stance within the context of the Al-Shabaab leadership rift. As of fall 2007, Jim'ale established a front company in Djibouti for extremist activities called the Investors Group. The short-term goal of the group was, through the funding of extremist activities and weapons purchases, to destabilize Somaliland. The group assisted in smuggling small arms from Eritrea through Djibouti into the</p>
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5th region of Ethiopia where extremists received the shipment. As of mid-2008, Jim'ale continued to operate the Investors Group. As of late September 2010, Jim'ale established ZAAD, a mobile-to-mobile money-transfer business and struck a deal with Al-Shabaab to make money transfers more anonymous by eliminating the need to show identification. As of late 2009, Jim'ale had a known hawala fund where he collected zakat, which was provided to Al-Shabaab. Jim'ale also controls Hormuud Telecommunications ("Hormuud"). Hormuud Telecommunications is a company identified as being one of the single largest financiers of Al-Shabaab, which includes large lump-sum payments to Al-Shabaab in the hundreds of thousands of dollars and these payments to Al-Shabaab were facilitated by Jim'ale. Hormuud is operated by several former large shareholders of Al-Barakaat with Jim'ale being the largest shareholder. Hormuud Telecommunications was created by the former leaders of Al-Barakaat in an attempt to re-establish themselves as a dominant telecom provider in Somalia. In addition, Hormuud managers have provided Al-Shabaab leaders such as Hassan al-Turki, an Al-Shabaab-aligned military leader who was also listed by the Somalia/Eritrea Sanctions Committee, with personal communication networks. In addition to providing funding, Hormuud Telecommunications has provided key material and logistical support to Al-Shabaab to include weapons, private fighters and ammunition. Spokespersons for moderate Somali groups have warned the Somali people not to use Hormuud Telecommunications Company, because Hormuud personnel listen in on conversations for Al-Shabaab. Additionally, Hormuud has cut off telephone service during Al-Shabaab attacks against pro-Somali Government forces.

## **II.**

### **Inkrafttreten**

Diese Verordnung tritt am Tage der Kundmachung in Kraft.

Fürstliche Regierung:  
gez. *Dr. Klaus Tschütscher*  
Fürstlicher Regierungschef