

Liechtensteinisches Landesgesetzblatt

Jahrgang 2012

Nr. 221

ausgegeben am 6. Juli 2012

Verordnung

vom 3. Juli 2012

betreffend die Abänderung der Verordnung über Massnahmen gegenüber Somalia

Aufgrund von Art. 2 des Gesetzes vom 10. Dezember 2008 über die Durchsetzung internationaler Sanktionen (ISG), LGBL. 2009 Nr. 41, unter Einbezug der aufgrund des Zollvertrages anwendbaren schweizerischen Rechtsvorschriften und in Ausführung der Resolutionen 733 (1992) vom 23. Januar 1992, 1356 (2001) vom 19. Juni 2001, 1425 (2002) vom 22. Juli 2002, 1725 (2006) vom 6. Dezember 2006, 1744 (2007) vom 20. Februar 2007, 1772 (2007) vom 20. August 2007, 1844 (2008) vom 20. November 2008, 1846 (2008) vom 2. Dezember 2008, 1851 (2008) vom 16. Dezember 2008 und 1863 (2009) vom 16. Januar 2009 des Sicherheitsrates der Vereinten Nationen verordnet die Regierung:

I.

Abänderung bisherigen Rechts

Die Verordnung vom 12. Mai 2009 über Massnahmen gegenüber Somalia, LGBL. 2009 Nr. 136, in der geltenden Fassung, wird wie folgt abgeändert:

Anhang Bst. A Ziff. 11

11.	<p>Jim'ale, Ali Ahmed Nur aka: JIM'ALE, Ahmed Ali; aka: JIM'ALE, Ahmad Nur Ali; aka: JIM'ALE, Sheikh Ahmed; aka: JIM'ALE, Ahmad Ali; aka: JIM'ALE, Shaykh Ahmed Nur; DOB: 1954; POB: Eilbur, Somalia; Nationality: Somalia; Alt. nationality: Djibouti; Passport: A0181988 (Somalia), exp. 23 January 2011; Location: Djibouti, Republic of Djibouti; Ali Ahmed Nur Jim'ale (Jim'ale) has served in leadership roles with the former Somali Council of Islamic Courts, also known as the Somali Islamic Courts Union, which was a radical-Islamist element. The most radical elements of the Somali Islamic Courts Union eventually formed the group known as al-Shabaab. Al-Shabaab was listed for targeted sanctions in April 2010 by the United Nations Security Council committee established pursuant to resolutions 751 (1992) and 1907 concerning Somalia and Eritrea (the "Somalia/Eritrea Sanctions Committee"). The Committee listed al-Shabaab for being an entity engaged in acts that directly or indirectly threaten the peace, security, or stability of Somalia, including but not limited to acts that pose a threat to Somali Transitional Federal Government. According to the July 18, 2011 report of the Somalia/Eritrea Sanctions Committee's Monitoring Group (S/2011/433), Jim'ale is identified as a prominent businessman and figure in the al-Shabaab charcoal-sugar trading cycle and benefitting from privileged relationships with al-Shabaab. Jim'ale is identified as one of al-Shabaab's chief financiers and is ideologically aligned with al-Shabaab. Jim'ale has provided key funding and political support for Hassan Dahir Aweys ("Aweys"), who was also listed by the Somalia/Eritrea Sanctions Committee. Former al-Shabaab Deputy Emir Muktar Robow reportedly continued to engage in political posturing within the al-Shabaab organization during the mid-2011. Robow engaged Aweys and Jim'ale in an effort to advance their shared objectives and consolidate their overall stance within the context of the al-Shabaab leadership rift. As of fall 2007, Jim'ale established a front company in Djibouti for extremist activities called the Investors Group. The short term goal of the group was, through the funding of extremist activities and weapons purchases, to destabilize Somaliland. The group assisted in smuggling small arms from Eritrea through Djibouti into the 5th</p>
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<p>region of Ethiopia where extremists received the shipment. As of mid-2008, Jim'ale continued to operate the Investors Group. As of late September 2010, Jim'ale established ZAAD, a mobile-to-mobile money transfer business and struck a deal with al-Shabaab to make money transfers more anonymous by eliminating the need to show identification. As of late 2009, Jim'ale had a known hawala fund where he collected zakat, which was provided to al-Shabaab.</p>

II.

Inkrafttreten

Diese Verordnung tritt am Tage der Kundmachung in Kraft.

Fürstliche Regierung:
gez. *Dr. Klaus Tschütscher*
Fürstlicher Regierungschef